

Hw 6A. $m(E) < +\infty$, $E = \emptyset$, $0 \cdot \infty \stackrel{\text{convention}}{=} 0$.

1. Let $\varphi \in \mathcal{D}_0 \setminus \{0\}$ and list non-zero distinct values of φ : b_1, b_2, \dots, b_N (not repeat) and $b_0 := 0$. Let $B_j := \varphi^{-1}(b_j) \forall j$.

Define $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \varphi = \sum_{j=0}^N b_j m(B_j)$ and $\int_E \varphi := \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (\varphi \chi_E)$.

Show that if $\alpha_i \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$, $\emptyset \neq E_i \in \mathcal{M}$

$\varphi := \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i \chi_{E_i}$ and, additionally $\{E_i : i=1, 2, \dots, n\}$ disjoint

then $\{\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n\} = \{b_1, b_2, \dots, b_N\}$ and

$$B_j = \bigcup_{\alpha_i = b_j} E_i \quad \forall j.$$

Show further that $b_j m(B_j) = \sum_{\alpha_i = b_j} \alpha_i m(E_i)$ and

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \varphi = \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i m(E_i).$$

If no confuse one writes

$\int \varphi$ for $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \varphi$.

Define $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 0 = 0$
 \uparrow
 zero-function

2.* Let $\psi \in \mathcal{D}_0 \setminus \{0\}$, "represent ψ canonically":

$$\psi = \sum_{i=1}^M c_i \chi_{\psi^{-1}(c_i)} \quad (c_0 := 0)$$

with distinct non-zero values c_1, c_2, \dots, c_M .

Show that

$$\varphi + \psi = \sum_{i,j} (b_j + c_i) \chi_{\varphi^{-1}(b_j) \cap \psi^{-1}(c_i)}$$

and use Q1 to show that $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (\varphi + \psi) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \varphi + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \psi$

and that if $\Delta = \Delta_1 \cup \Delta_2$ with $\Delta_1, \Delta_2 \in \mathcal{M}$ then $\int_{\Delta} \varphi = \int_{\Delta_1} \varphi + \int_{\Delta_2} \varphi$ (Hint: $\varphi \chi_{\Delta} = \varphi \chi_{\Delta_1} + \varphi \chi_{\Delta_2}$).

Show further that

$\varphi \mapsto \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \varphi$ is linear on \mathcal{D}_0

and is \uparrow : $\varphi \leq \psi$ on $\mathbb{R} \Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \varphi \leq \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \psi$.
 $\varphi, \psi \in \mathcal{D}_0$

Show moreover that if $\varphi \sim \psi$ then $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \varphi = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \psi$.

3. Show that if $\varphi \leq \psi$ a.e. on \mathbb{R} ($\varphi, \psi \in \mathcal{D}_0$) and

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \varphi = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \psi$$

then $\varphi \sim \psi$ (Hint: use the linearity)

and do for the special case ($\varphi = 0$ a.e. on \mathbb{R})