

**THE CHINESE UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG**  
**Department of Mathematics**  
**MATH 4050 Real Analysis**  
**Special Tutorial 2 (February 15)**

The following were discussed in the tutorial this week.

1. Construct the Cantor set  $\mathcal{C}$  by iteratively removing the open middle-1/3 intervals. Show that the Cantor set is uncountable, and has measure zero.
2. Construct the Cantor function  $g : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 1]$ . Show that it is continuous, increasing and constant on each removed intervals, and maps the Cantor set onto  $[0, 1]$ .
3. Show that every measurable subset of  $\mathbb{R}$  with positive measure contains a non-measurable set.
4. Let  $\varphi : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined by  $\varphi(x) = x + g(x)$ , where  $g$  is the Cantor function. Then  $\varphi$  is continuous, strictly increasing, and maps  $[0, 1]$  onto  $[0, 2]$ . Moreover, we show that  $\varphi(\mathcal{C})$  is a Borel set with  $m(\varphi(\mathcal{C})) = 1$ .
5. Using the results in 3 and 4, we prove that
  - (a) A non-measurable set can be mapped onto a measurable set by a homeomorphism, and
  - (b) the Borel  $\sigma$ -algebra is strictly smaller than the  $\sigma$ -algebra of all (Lebesgue) measurable sets.
6. A brief solution of HW4 Q2.