## THE CHINESE UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG Department of Mathematics MATH 2070A Algebraic Structures 2018-19 Homework 3 Due Date: 27th September 2018

## **Compulsory Part**

- 1. Determine whether the given subset is a subgroup (if it is, give a proof; if it is not, explain why):
  - (a) The set  $i\mathbb{R}$  of all purely imaginary numbers inside  $\mathbb{C}$ .
  - (b) The set  $\{z \in \mathbb{C} : z^m = 1\}$  of *m*-th roots of unity inside the unit circle  $U = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| = 1\}$ .
  - (c) The set of  $n \times n$  matrices with determinant -1 inside  $GL(n, \mathbb{R})$ .
  - (d) The set of  $n \times n$  matrices M such that  $M^T M = I$ , where  $M^T$  denotes the transpose of M and I is the  $n \times n$  identity matrix, inside  $GL(n, \mathbb{R})$ .
- 2. Consider the cyclic group  $\mathbb{Z}_{20}$ .
  - (a) Write down all the generators of  $\mathbb{Z}_{20}$ .
  - (b) List all the subgroups of  $\mathbb{Z}_{20}$ , and for each subgroup, compute its order and write down all its generators.
- 3. Let H and K be subgroups of an abelian group G. Show that

$$\{hk: h \in H \text{ and } k \in K\}$$

is also a subgroup of G. (Do we have the same conclusion if G is nonabelian?)

## **Optional Part**

- 1. Determine whether the given subset is a subgroup (if it is, give a proof; if it is not, explain why):
  - (a) The set  $e\mathbb{Q}$  of rational multiples of the number e inside  $\mathbb{R}$ .
  - (b) The set  $\{\pi^n : n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$  inside  $\mathbb{R}$ .
  - (c) The set of diagonal  $n \times n$  matrices with no zeros on the diagonal inside  $GL(n, \mathbb{R})$ .
  - (d) The set of  $n \times n$  matrices with determinant  $\pm 1$  inside  $GL(n, \mathbb{R})$ .
- 2. Express each element in  $S_3$  as a product of powers of (123) and (12) (e.g. (23) =  $(123)^2(12)$ ), if possible.
- 3. In  $S_6$ , how many subgroups are of
  - order 5?
  - order 3?

- 4. Find a non-cyclic subgroup of order 4 in  $S_4$ , if it exists. If it does not exist, explain why not.
- 5. Let *n* be an integer larger than or equal to 4. Let *r* be the anticlockwise rotation by  $2\pi/n$  in the dihedral group  $D_n$ . Let *s* be a fixed reflection in  $D_n$ . Find the order of the subgroup  $H = \langle r^2, s \rangle$  in  $D_n$  if:
  - (a) n is odd.
  - (b) n is even.
- 6. Let G be an abelian group. Show that the set H consisting of those elements of G which have finite orders is a subgroup of G.
- 7. Let G be a group. Show that a finite nonempty subset H of G is a subgroup of G if and only if it is closed under the group operation of G (i.e.  $ab \in H$  for all  $a, b \in H$ ).
- 8. Show that a group with infinitely many elements has infinitely many subgroups.