

1. i, position vector $p = (x, y, x^2 + y^2)$

$$P_x = (1, 0, 2x)$$

$$P_y = (0, 1, 2y)$$

We can take $N = P_x \times P_y$

$$= (-2x, -2y, 1)$$

or using polar coordinate.

$$p = (r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta, r^2)$$

$$P_r = (\cos \theta, \sin \theta, 2r)$$

$$P_\theta = (-r \sin \theta, r \cos \theta, 0)$$

take $N = P_r \times P_\theta$

$$= (-2r^2 \cos \theta, -2r^2 \sin \theta, r)$$

1 ii, for $x-y$ coord.

$$|N| = \sqrt{(-2x)^2 + (-2y)^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{4x^2 + 4y^2 + 1}$$

$$\hat{N} = \left(\frac{-2x}{\sqrt{4x^2 + 4y^2 + 1}}, \frac{-2y}{\sqrt{4x^2 + 4y^2 + 1}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{4x^2 + 4y^2 + 1}} \right)$$

for polar coord.

$$|N| = \sqrt{(-2r^2 \cos \theta)^2 + (-2r^2 \sin \theta)^2 + r^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{4r^4 + r^2} = r \sqrt{4r^2 + 1}$$

$$\hat{N} = \left(\frac{-2r \cos \theta}{\sqrt{4r^2 + 1}}, \frac{-2r \sin \theta}{\sqrt{4r^2 + 1}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{4r^2 + 1}} \right)$$

1.7ii, for x-y coord.

$$dS = |N| dx dy$$
$$= \sqrt{4x^2 + 4y^2 + 1} dx dy.$$

for polar coord.

$$dS = r \sqrt{4r^2 + 1} dr d\theta.$$

2. No, it is a cone
(0,0) is the corner where is not smooth.

$$4. \int_{-1}^1 \int_{-1}^1 -2x - 2xy + y \, dx \, dy.$$

$$= \int_{-1}^1 \left. -x^2 - yx^2 + yx \right|_{-1}^1 dy$$

$$= \int_{-1}^1 2y \, dy$$

$$= y^2 \Big|_{-1}^1$$

$$= 0.$$