

Q5. Let $p(x) = x^4 + 7x^3 - 9$. Then \exists at least two roots of p .
 Hint: Note that p is continuous on the interval $I = (-\infty, \infty)$ and that $p(0) = -9 < 0$. Find $x_1 < 0 < x_2$ s.t. $f(x_1)$ and $f(x_2)$ are positive. Apply the Root Th.

Q6. Let $f: [0, 2\pi] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be cts s.t. $f(0) = f(2\pi)$. Then $\exists c \in [0, \pi]$ s.t. $f(c) = f(c + \pi)$.
 Hint: Let $g: [0, \pi] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be defined by $g(t) = f(t) - f(t + \pi)$ $\forall t \in [0, \pi]$. Then g is cts [?], and $g(0)g(\pi) \leq 0$.
 Apply the Root-Th. [A result from geography: \exists a pair of two antipodal points with the same temperature]

Q11. Let $f: I = [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be cts and $f(a) < 0 < f(b)$.

Let $W = \{t \in I : f(t) < 0\}$. Then, by \dots , $c := \sup W$ exists in \mathbb{R} , and $c \in [a, b]$. Show that $f(c) = 0$ (so providing a new proof for the Root Th).

Hint: By def of "sup" ^(and c) one can find a seq (w_n) in W such that $c - \frac{1}{n} < w_n \leq c \forall n$ (so $\lim w_n = c$ by the Squeeze Principle) and $f(w_n) < 0 \forall n$. Since f is cts on $[a, b]$ and $c \in [a, b]$, f is continuous at c and it follows from the Sequential Criterion for Continuity ^{and the Order-preserving that} that $f(c) = \lim f(w_n) \leq 0$. To show $f(c) > 0$, we suppose on the contrary that $f(c) < 0$. Then $\exists \delta > 0$ s.t. $f(\cdot) < 0$ on $V_\delta(c) \cap [a, b]$. Noting $c \neq b$ (as $f(c) < 0 < f(b)$), one has $c < b$; pick $c' \in (c, (c + \delta) \wedge b)$. Then $f(c') < 0$ (and $c' \in [a, b]$) and so $c' \in W$ and $c' > c = \sup W$, contradicting the def of "sup".