

## MAT4220 PDE—Assignment 5

Exercise 6.1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11

Exercise 6.2, 1, 2, 3,4, 6, 7(a)

Exercise 6.3, 1, 2, 3

Problem 4. Let  $u \geq 0$  and  $\Delta u = 0$  in a unit disk  $D = \{(x, y) | x^2 + y^2 \leq 1\}$ . Using the Mean-Value Property to prove the following so-called Harnack inequality

$$\frac{1-r}{1+r}u(0,0) \leq u(x,y) \leq \frac{1+r}{1-r}u(0,0)$$

where  $r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} < 1$ .

\*\*\*Problem 5: Suppose that  $u$  satisfies  $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$  for all  $(x, y) \in B_1(0)$  except  $(x, y) = (0, 0)$ . Show that if  $u$  is a bounded, then  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} u(x, y)$  exists and by taking  $u(0, 0) = \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} u(x, y)$ ,  $u$  is actually smooth in  $B_1(0)$ .

Hint: Consider the following function  $v_\epsilon = \epsilon \log \frac{1}{r}$ .

Exercise 6.4, 1, 6, 9, 10, 11, 13

Problem 6: Using the method of separation of variables to solve the following problem

$$\begin{cases} u_{rr} + \frac{1}{r}u_r + \frac{1}{r^2}u_{\theta\theta} = 0, & \text{in } D = \{(r, \theta) | 1 < r < 2\} \\ u_r(1, \theta) + u(1, \theta) = \sin^3 \theta & \text{for } r = 1 \\ u(2, \theta) = 1 & \text{for } r = 2 \end{cases} \quad (0.1)$$