THE CHINESE UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG Department of Mathematics 2017 Spring MATH2230 Homework Set 2 (Due on Jan. 29)

All the homework problems are taken from Complex Variables and Applications, Ninth Edition, by James Ward Brown/Ruel V. Churchill.

P30

1. Find the square roots of (a) 2i; (b) $1 - \sqrt{3}i$ and express them in rectangular coordinates.

2. Find the three cube roots c_k (k = 0, 1, 2) of -8i. Express them in rectangular coordinates and plot them in rectangular plane.

P44

8. Sketch the region onto which the sector $r \le 1$, $0 \le \theta \le \pi/4$ is mapped by the transformation (a) $w = z^2$; (b) $w = z^3$; (c) $w = z^4$.

P54

1. Use definition (2). Sec. 15. of limit to prove that

(a)
$$\lim_{z \to z_0} \operatorname{Re} z = \operatorname{Re} z_0$$
; (b) $\lim_{z \to z_0} \overline{z} = \overline{z_0}$; (c) $\lim_{z \to 0} \frac{\overline{z}^2}{z} = 0$.

5. Show that the function

$$f(z) = \left(\frac{z}{\overline{z}}\right)^2$$

has the value 1 at all nonzero points on the real and imaginary axes, where z = (x, 0)and z = (0, y) respectively, but that it has the value -1 at all nonzero points on the line y = x where z = (x, x). Thus show that the limit of f(z) as z tends to 0 does not exist.

P61-62

8. Use the method in Example 2. Sec. 19. to show that f'(z) does not exist at any point z when (a) $f(z) = \operatorname{Re} z$; (b) $f(z) = \operatorname{Im} z$.

9. Let f denote the function whose values are

$$f(z) = \begin{cases} \overline{z}^2/z & \text{when } z \neq 0\\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Show that if z = 0, then $\Delta w/\Delta z = 1$ at each nonzero point on the real and imaginary axes in the Δz or $\Delta x \Delta y$ plane. Then show that $\Delta w/\Delta z = -1$ at each nonzero point $(\Delta x, \Delta x)$ on the line $\Delta y = \Delta x$ in that plane. Conclude from these observations that f'(0) does not exist. Note that to obtain this result, it is not sufficient to consider only horizontal and vertical approaches to the origin in the Δz plane.